

# Main solar container substances in rice seeds

<div class="df\_qntext">What are the energy inputs for rice cultivation?

Fuel,seeds,fertilizers,pesticides,and agricultural machinerywere assumed to be the energy inputs for rice cultivation. The energy input was calculated by determining the equivalence and cost separately and multiplying both values because the energy input could not be calculated directly.

<div class="df\_qntext">Are rice seeds a storage protein?

The vast majority of proteins in rice seeds are storage proteins,and the content and composition of rice storage proteins (RSPs) have important impacts on the cooking and eating quality,nutritional value,and processing and appearance quality (Lang et al,2013).

<div class="df\_qntext">What regulates rice seed storability?

This article reviews the main regulatory mechanisms of rice seed storability,including the accumulation of seed storage proteins,late embryogenesis abundant (LEA) proteins,heat shock proteins,sugar signaling,hormonal regulation by gibberellins and abscisic acid,and the role of the ubiquitination pathway.

<div class="df\_qntext">Where are the nutrients stored in a rice seed?

Most nutrients of the seeds are stored in the endosperm. The triploid endosperm of rice develops from the fertilized polar nucleus. The endosperm at the filling stage consists of the aleurone layer,subaleurone layer,and starch endosperm,from outside to inside,respectively (Wu et al. 2016a).

<div class="df\_qntext">What factors affect rice seed storability?

Rice seed storability is influenced by both genetic and environmental factors. Key proteins like LEA,heat shock,and storage proteins regulate storability. Sugar signaling and hormone regulation are vital for seed storability. Advances include using wild rice genes,marker-assisted selection,and CRISPR/Cas9.

<div class="df\_qntext">Why is rice seed storability important?

Sugar signaling and hormone regulation are vital for seed storability. Advances include using wild rice genes,marker-assisted selection,and CRISPR/Cas9. The storability of rice seeds is crucial for ensuring flexible planting options,agricultural seed security,and global food safety.

image: Rice University chemical engineering graduate student Siraj Sidhik holds a container of 2D perovskite &quot;seeds&quot; (left) and a smaller vial containing a solution of dissolved seeds ...

Due to improved living standards, the cultivation of high-quality rice for different purposes and markets has become a major goal. Rice quality is determined by the presence of many nutritional ...

Seed deterioration during rice seed storage can lead to seed vigor loss, which adversely affects agricultural

production, the long-term preservation of germplasm resources, and the ...

Abstract Starch and storage proteins, the primary storage substances of cereal endosperm, are a major source of food for hu-mans. However, the transcriptional regulatory networks of the synthesis and ...

A purple-pigmented (purple) rice seeds containing an anthocyanin, a major class of flavonoids, and their isogenic non-pigmented (white) seeds were exposed outside of the international ...

Fuel, seeds, fertilizers, pesticides, and agricultural machinery were assumed to be the energy inputs for rice cultivation. The energy input was calculated by determining the equivalence ...

This is the first study to evaluate rice yield, seed compositions, and rice yield components under a vertical APV system with bifacial solar panels in a rice paddy field.

Endophytic communities with rich species and complex structure are common in rice seeds, which will directly or indirectly affect seed germination, growth and population yield characteristics.

The main limitations of its standard procedure are the low treated volume (2 L Polyethylene terephthalate [PET] bottles are commonly used) and the uncertainty in the required ...

Rice is one of the most essential crops since it meets the calorific needs of 3 billion people around the world. Rice seed development initiates upon fertilization, leading to the establishment of two distinct ...

It is an important thing to identify internal crack in seeds from normal seeds for evaluating the quality of rice seeds (*Oryza sativa* L.). In this study, non-destructive discrimination of ...

The main energy storage substances in seeds With seed germination, oil bodies and other substances gradually degraded to supply energy; this was consistent with the content of storage substances.

This study aims to evaluate the feasibility and benefits of integrating photovoltaic (APV) systems with rice cultivation, focusing on growth characteristics, chlorophyll content and ...

Abstract A purple-pigmented (purple) rice seeds containing an anthocyanin, a major class of flavonoids, and their isogenic non-pigmented (white) seeds were exposed outside of the international space ...

Rice (*Oryza sativa*) is a major staple food for half of the world's population and Cd is a potentially lethal element of great concern due to its toxicity to rice and, more importantly, the danger ...

Understanding the physiological responses and molecular mechanisms of aging tolerance forms the basis for enhancing seed storability in rice. This review outlines the latest ...

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Seed storability largely determines the vigor of seeds during storage and is significant in agriculture and ecology. However, the underlying genetic basis remains unclear. In the present study, we report the ...

Cadmium (Cd) contamination in agricultural soils, mainly due to excessive agrochemical use, poses serious health hazards via dietary exposure, especially through rice consumption. Silicon ...

To clarify the influence of the rhizosphere carbon/nitrogen balance during the maturation stage of several seed components, transcriptome analysis was performed on the seeds from rice plants that ...

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